



### **Product Specification**

# SPECIFICATION FOR APPROVAL

#### (●) Final Specification

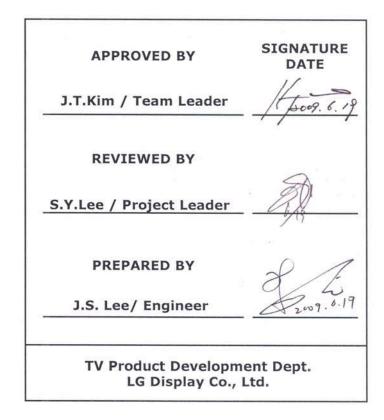
Title 32.0" WUXGA TFT LCD
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BUYER	General
MODEL	

SUPPLIER	LG Display Co., Ltd.			
*MODEL	LC320WUN			
SUFFIX	SAB4 (RoHS Verified)			

\*When you obtain standard approval, please use the above model name without suffix

APPROVED BY	SIGNATURE DATE
	•
Please return 1 copy for your o	confirmation with
your signature and cor	mments.



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## **Product Specification**

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## **RECORD OF REVISIONS**

Revision No.	Revision Date	Page	Description
1.0	Jun, 19, 2009	-	Final Specification
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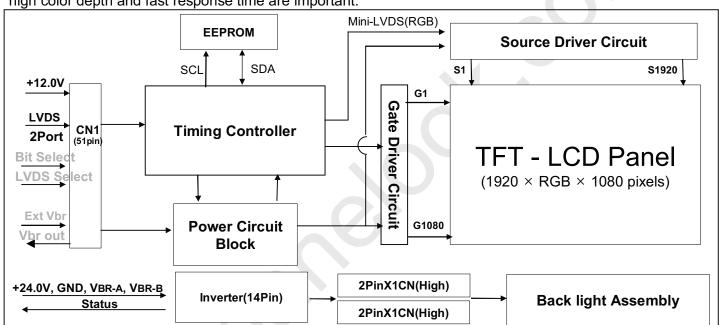
## **Product Specification**

### 1. General Description

The LC320WUN is a Color Active Matrix Liquid Crystal Display with an integral External Cathode Fluorescent Lamp(EEFL) backlight system. The matrix employs a-Si Thin Film Transistor as the active element. It is a transmissive display type which is operating in the normally black mode. It has a 31.55 inch diagonally measured active display area with WUXGA resolution (1080 vertical by 1920 horizontal pixel array). Each pixel is divided into Red, Green and Blue sub-pixels or dots which are arrayed in vertical stripes. Gray scale or the luminance of the sub-pixel color is determined with a 10-bit gray scale signal for each dot. Therefore, it can present a palette of more than 1.06B(true) colors.

It has been designed to apply the 10-bit 2-port LVDS interface.

It is intended to support LCD TV, PCTV where high brightness, super wide viewing angle, high color gamut, high color depth and fast response time are important.



#### **General Features**

Active Screen Size	31.55 inches(801.31mm) diagonal
Outline Dimension	760.0(H) x 450.0 (V) x 48.0 mm(D) (Typ.)
Pixel Pitch	0.36375 mm x 0.36375 mm
Pixel Format	1920 horiz. by 1080 vert. Pixels, RGB stripe arrangement
Color Depth	10-bit(D), 1.06 B colors
Luminance, White	500 cd/m² (Center 1point ,Typ.)
Viewing Angle (CR>10)	Viewing angle free ( R/L 178 (Min.), U/D 178 (Min.))
Power Consumption	Total 116.2 W (Typ.) (Logic=6.2W, Inverter=110W [VBR-A=1.65V] )
Weight	6,000g (Typ.)
Display Mode	Transmissive mode, Normally black
Surface Treatment	Hard coating(3H), Anti-glare treatment of the front polarizer (Haze 10%)

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## 2. Absolute Maximum Ratings

The following items are maximum values which, if exceeded, may cause faulty operation or damage to the LCD module.

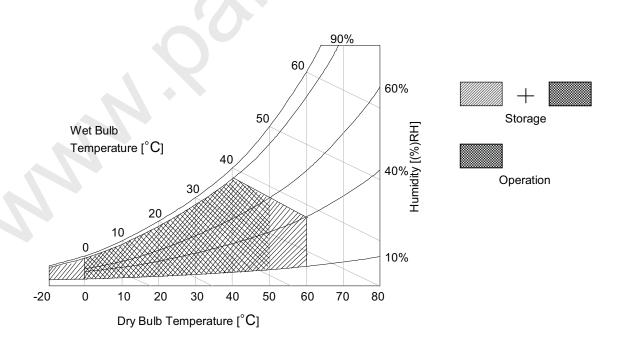
Table 1. ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

Table 1. ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS							
Parameter		Cumbal	Val	ue	l lmit	Domonic	
Pa	arameter	Symbol	Symbol Min		Unit	Remark	
Power Input	LCM	VLCD	-0.3	+14.0	VDC	at 25 ± 2 °C	
Voltage	Backlight inverter	VBL	-0.3	+27.0	VDC		
ON/OFF Con	ON/OFF Control Voltage		-0.3	+5.5	VDC		
Brightness C	Brightness Control Voltage		0	+5.0	VDC		
Operating Te	Operating Temperature		0	+50	°C		
Storage Temperature		Тѕт	-20	+60	°C	Note 1,2	
Operating Ambient Humidity		Нор	10	90	%RH	Note 1,2	
Storage Humidity		Нѕт	10	90	%RH		

Notes: 1. Temperature and relative humidity range are shown in the figure below.

Wet bulb temperature should be Max 39 °C Max. and no condensation of water.

2. Gravity mura can be guaranteed below 40 ℃ condition.



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## 3. Electrical Specifications

#### 3-1. Electrical Characteristics

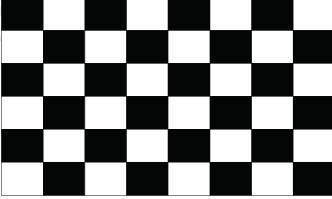
It requires two power inputs. One is employed to power for the LCD circuit. The other Is used for the EEFL backlight and inverter circuit.

Table 2. ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

Parameter	Symbol		Value	Unit	Note	
r arameter	Symbol	Min	Тур	Max	Offic	Note
Circuit :						
Power Input Voltage	VLCD	11.4	12.0	12.6	VDC	
Dower Innut Current	li on	-	520	670	mA	1
Power Input Current	ILCD	-	720	900	mA	2
Power Consumption	PLCD	-	6.2	8.1	Watt	1
Rush current	Irush	-	-	3.0	А	3

- Notes : 1. The specified current and power consumption are under the  $V_{LCD}$ =12.0V, 25 ± 2°C,  $f_V$ =60Hz condition whereas mosaic pattern(8 x 6) is displayed and  $f_V$  is the frame frequency.
  - 2. The current is specified at the maximum current pattern.
  - 3. The duration of rush current is about 2ms and rising time of power input is 0.5ms (min)

White : 1023Gray Black : 0Gray



Mosaic Pattern(8 x 6)

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### **Product Specification**

### Table 3. ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (Continue)

Parameter		Symbol		Values		Unit	Notes	
i didiliotoi			Symbol	Min	Тур	Max	Offic	Notes
Inverter :								
Power Supply Inpu	t Voltage		VBL	22.8	24.0	25.2	Vdc	1
Power Supply Inpu	t Voltage Ripp	le		-	-	0.5	Vp-p	1
	After Aging	A : 151 A	IDI. A	-	4.5	5.0	А	V <sub>BR-A</sub> = 1.65V 1
Power Supply	After Aging		IBL_A	-	5.0	5.5	A	VBR-A = 3.3V 1
Input Current	Before Agir	na	IBL_B	-	4.9	5.4	A	VBR-A = 1.65V 2
	Before Aging			-	5.4	5.9	A	VBR-A = 3.3V 2
Power Supply Input Current(In-Rush)		Irush	-	-	8.0	А	VBL = 22.8V Ext VBR-B = 100% VBR-A = 1.65V	
Power Consumption			PBL	-	110	120	W	V <sub>BR-A</sub> = 1.65V 1
	Brightness Adjust		VBR-A	0.0	1.65	3.3	Vdc	
Input signal for	0=/0ff	On	V on	2.5		5.0	Vdc	
Inverter control	on/Off	Off	V off	-0.3	0.0	0.8	Vdc	1
	Brightness	Adjust	EXTVBR-B	35		100	%	On duty
PWM Frequency for	NTSC & PAL		NTSC/PAL		100/120		Hz	5
Pulse Duty Level(PWM)			High Level	2.5	-	5.0	Vdc	HIGH: Lamp on
(Burst mode)		Low Level	0.0	-	0.8	Vdc	LOW:Lamp off	
Lamp :								
Discharge Stabilization Time			Ts			3	min	3
Life Time				50,000			Hrs	4

#### Notes:

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- 1. Electrical characteristics are determined after the unit has been 'ON' and stable for approximately 120 minutes at 25±2°C. The specified current and power consumption are under the typical supply Input voltage 24Vand VBR (VBR-A: 1.65V & ExtVBR-B: 100%), it is total power consumption.
- 2. Electrical characteristics are determined within 30 minutes at  $25\pm2^{\circ}$ C. The specified currents are under the typical supply Input voltage 24V.
- 3. The brightness of the lamp after lighted for 5minutes is defined as 100%.

  TS is the time required for the brightness of the center of the lamp to be not less than 95% at typical current.

  The screen of LCD module may be partially dark by the time, the brightness of lamp is stable after turn on
- The screen of LCD module may be partially dark by the time the brightness of lamp is stable after turn on.

  4. Specified Values are for a single lamp which is aligned horizontally.
  - The life time is determined as the time which luminance of the lamp is 50% compared to that of initial value at the typical lamp current (VBR-A: 1.65V & ExtVBR-B:100%), on condition of continuous operating at 25± 2°C LCD recommend that the DWM from is supplying with Two times beginning of Voyage signal of system.
- 5. LGD recommend that the PWM freq. is synchronized with Two times harmonic of Vsync signal of system. Though PWM frequency is over 120Hz (max 252Hz), function of inverter is not affected.
- 6. The duration of rush current is about 10ms.
- 7. Even though inrush current is over the specified value, there is no problem if I2T spec of fuse is satisfied.

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#### 3-2. Interface Connections

This LCD module employs two kinds of interface connection, a 51-pin connector is used for the module electronics and 14-pin connector is used for the integral backlight system.

#### 3-2-1. LCD Module

- LCD Connector(CN1): FI-RE51S-HF(manufactured by JAE) or KN25-51P-0.5SH(manufactured by Hirose)
- Mating Connector : FI-RE51HL(JAE) or compatible

Table 4. MODULE CONNECTOR(CN1) PIN CONFIGURATION

No	Symbol	Description	No	Symbol	Description
1	GND	Ground	27	Bit Select	'H' or NC = 10bit(D) , 'L' = 8bit
2	NC	No Connection	28	RA2N	SECOND CHANNEL A-
3	NC	No Connection	29	RA2P	SECOND CHANNEL A+
4	NC	No Connection	30	RB2N	SECOND CHANNEL B-
5	NC	No Connection	31	RB2P	SECOND CHANNEL B+
6	NC	No Connection	32	RC2N	SECOND CHANNEL C-
7	LVDS Select	'H' =JEIDA , 'L' or NC = VESA	33	RC2P	SECOND CHANNEL C+
8	NC	No Connection	34	GND	Ground
9	NC	No Connection	35	RCLK2N	SECOND CLOCK CHANNEL CIK-
10	NC	No Connection	36	RCLK2P	SECOND CLOCK CHANNEL CIK+
11	GND	Ground	37	GND	Ground
12	RA1N	FIRST CHANNEL A-	38	RD2N	SECOND CHANNEL D-
13	RA1P	FIRST CHANNEL A+	39	RD2P	SECOND CHANNEL D+
14	RB1N	FIRST CHANNEL B-	40	RD2N	SECOND CHANNEL E-( or NC)
15	RB1P	FIRST CHANNEL B+	41	RD2P	SECOND CHANNEL E+( or NC)
16	RC1N	FIRST CHANNEL C-	42	Reserved	No connection or GND
17	RC1P	FIRST CHANNEL C+	43	Reserved	No connection or GND
18	GND	Ground	44	GND	Ground
19	RCLK1N	FIRST CLOCK CHANNEL CIK-	45	GND	Ground
20	RCLK1P	FIRST CLOCK CHANNEL CIK+	46	GND	Ground
21	GND	Ground	47	NC	No connection
22	RD1N	FIRST CHANNEL D-	48	VLCD	Power Supply +12.0V
23	RD1P	FIRST CHANNEL D+	49	VLCD	Power Supply +12.0V
24	RD1N	FIRST CHANNEL E-( or NC)	50	VLCD	Power Supply +12.0V
25	RD1P	FIRST CHANNEL E+( or NC)	51	VLCD	Power Supply +12.0V
26	Reserved	No connection or GND	-	-	-

Notes: 1. All GND(ground) pins should be connected together to the LCD module's metal frame.

- 2. All V<sub>I CD</sub> (power input) pins should be connected together.
- 3. All Input levels of LVDS signals are based on the EIA 644 Standard. (Please see the Appendix X)
- 4. Specific pins(pin No. #2~#6) are used for internal data process of the LCD module. If not used, these pins are no connection.
- 5. Specific pins(pin No. #8~#9) are used for Inverter test of the LCD module. If not used, these pins are no connection.
- 6. LVDS pin (pin No. #24,25,40,41) are used for 10Bit(D) of the LCD module. If used for 8Bit(R), these pins are no connection.
- 7. Specific pin No. #44 is used for "No signal detection" of system signal interface. It should be GND for NSB(No Signal Black) during the system interface signal is not. If this pin is "H", LCD Module displays AGP(Auto Generation Pattern).

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## **Product Specification**

## 3-2-2. Backlight Inverter

Master

-Inverter Connector: 20022WR-14B1(Yeonho)

or Equivalent

- Mating Connector: 20022HS-14 or Equivalent

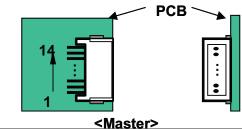
Table 5. INVERTER CONNECTOR PIN CONFIGULATION

Pin No	Symbol	Description	Master	Note
1	VBL	Power Supply +24.0V	VBL	
2	VBL	Power Supply +24.0V	VBL	
3	VBL	Power Supply +24.0V	VBL	
4	VBL	Power Supply +24.0V	VBL	
5	VBL	Power Supply +24.0V	VBL	
6	GND	Backlight Ground	GND	
7	GND	Backlight Ground	GND	
8	GND	Backlight Ground	GND	1
9	GND	Backlight Ground	GND	
10	GND	Backlight Ground	GND	
11	VBR-A	Analog Dimming	VBR-A	2
12	VON/OFF	Backlight ON/OFF control	Von/off	3
13	EXTVBR-B	External PWM	EXTVBR-B	4
14	Status	Lamp Status	Status	5

Notes: 1. GND should be connected to the LCD module's metal frame.

- 2. Minimum Brightness: 0.0V / Maximum Brightness: 3.3V / "OPEN": 1.65V
- 3. ON:  $2.5 \sim 5.0 \text{V}$  / OFF:  $0.0 \sim 0.8 \text{V}$ . Open or 'H' for B/L On is default status.
- 4. High: Lamp ON/ Low: Lamp OFF, Pin#13 can be opened. (if Pin #13 is open, EXTVBR-B is 100%) Please see Appendix VI for more information.
- 5. Normal: Low (under 0.7V) / Abnormal: High (upper 3.0V) Please see Appendix VI for more information.
- 6. Each impedance of pin #11, 12 and 13 is over  $100[[K\Omega]$ , over  $100[[K\Omega]$  and over  $50[K\Omega]$ .





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## 3-3. Signal Timing Specifications

Table 6 shows the signal timing required at the input of the LVDS transmitter. All of the interface signal timing should be satisfied with the following specification for normal operation.

Table 6. TIMING TABLE for NTSC (DE Only Mode)

ı	TEM	Symbol	Min	Тур	Max	Unit	Note
	Display Period	thv	-	960	-	tclk	
Horizontal	Blank	tнв	100	140	240	tclk	
	Total	tHP	1060	1100	1200	tclk	2200/2
	Display Period	tvv	-	1080	-	Lines	
Vertical	Blank	t∨B	11	45	69	Lines	
	Total	tvp	1091	1125	1149	Lines	

IT	ГЕМ	Symbol	Min	Тур	Max	Unit	Note
	DCLK	fclk	63	74.25	77	MHz	148.5/2
Frequency	Horizontal	fH	57.3	67.5	70	KHz	
	Vertical	fv	57	60	63	Hz	

Table 7 shows the signal timing required at the input of the LVDS transmitter. All of the interface signal timing should be satisfied with the following specification for normal operation.

Table 7. TIMING TABLE for PAL (DE Only Mode)

	ITEM	Symbol	Min	Тур	Max	Unit	Note
	Display Period	thv	-	960	-	tclk	
Horizontal	Blank	tHB	100	140	240	tclk	
	Total	tHP	1060	1100	1200	tclk	2200/2
	Display Period	tvv	-	1080	-	Lines	
Vertical	Blank	t∨B	228	270	300	Lines	
	Total	tvp	1308	1350	1380	Lines	

п	ГЕМ	Symbol	Min	Тур	Max	Unit	Note
	DCLK	fclk	63	74.25	77	MHz	148.5/2
Frequency	Horizontal	fH	57.3	67.5	70	KHz	
	Vertical	fv	47	50	53	Hz	

Note: The Input of HSYNC & VSYNC signal does not have an effect on normal operation(DE Only Mode).

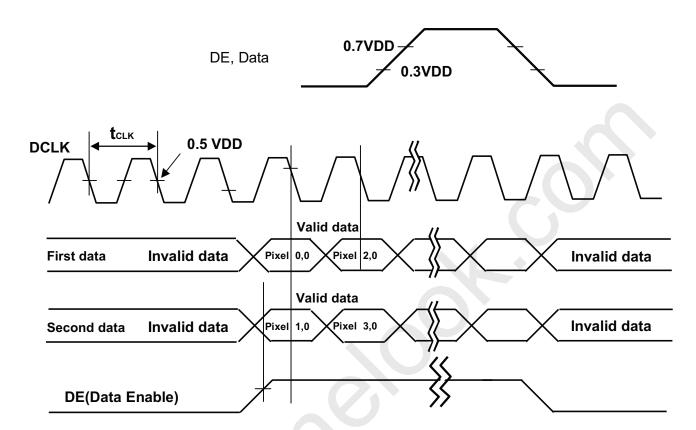
The performance of the electro-optical characteristics may be influenced by variance of the vertical refresh rate.

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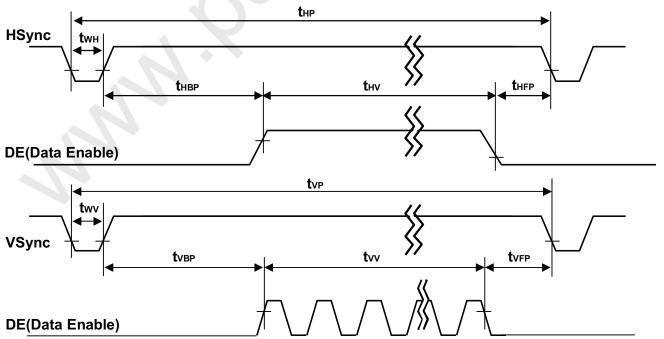
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## 3-4. Signal Timing Waveforms



## \* Reference : Sync. Relation

- $t_{HB} = t_{HFP} + t_{WH} + t_{HBP}$
- \*  $t_{VB} = t_{VFP} + t_{WV} + t_{VBP}$



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### 3-5. Color Data Reference

The brightness of each primary color(red,green,blue) is based on the 10-bit gray scale data input for the color. The higher binary input, the brighter the color. Table 8 provides a reference for color versus data input.

														Inp	ut	Со	lor	D	ata												
(	Color	MSB				RE				_SB		MS					EEN				_SB					BL				LS	_
	1	R9	R8	R7	R6	R5	R4	R3	R2	R1	R0	G9	GE	G 7	G6	G G 5			G2	G1	G0	В9	B8	B7	B6	B5	В4	В3	B2	B1	В
	Black	0		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
	Red (1023) Green	1 0	 0	.1. 0	 0	0	0	0	 0	.1 	0	0  1	1	0	0	0 1	0	0	0 1	0	0	0	0 0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	•
Basic	(1023) Blue (1023)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	 1	1	 1	 1	•
Color	Cyan	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	•
	Magenta	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	•
	Yellow	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
	White	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	
	RED (000)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
	RED (001)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
RED		<u>.</u>																									 • • •				
	RED (1022)	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
	RED (1023)	1	1	1,	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
	GREEN (000)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
	GREEN (001)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
GREEN		ļ										ļ																			
	GREEN (1022)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		. 1	. 1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
	GREEN (1023)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
	BLUE (000)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	(
	BLUE (001)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
BLUE		ļ										ļ																			
	BLUE (1022)	0		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	.1	1	1	1	1	1	1	(
	BLUE (1023)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	

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## 3-6. Power Sequence

#### 3-6-1. LCD Driving circuit

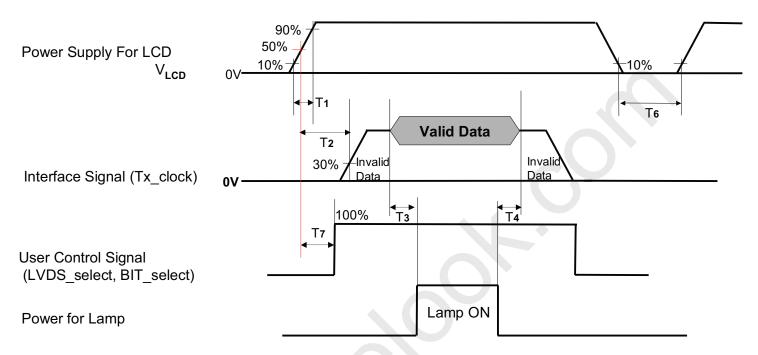


Table 9. POWER SEQUENCE

Danier atau		Value		11-4	Nistas
Parameter	Min	Тур	Max	Unit	Notes
T1	0.5	-	20	ms	
T2	0	-	-	ms	4
Т3	200	-	-	ms	3
T4	200	-	-	ms	3
Т6	1.0	-	-	s	5
T7	0	-	T2	ms	4

Note: 1. Please avoid floating state of interface signal at invalid period.

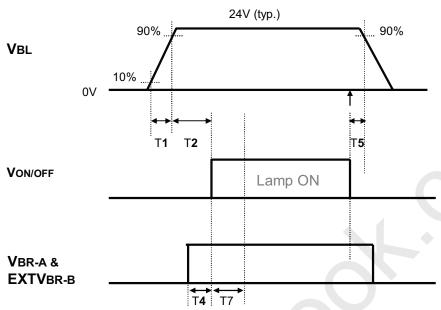
- 2. When the power supply for LCD (VLCD) is off, be sure to pull down the valid and invalid data to 0V.
- 3. The T3/T4 is recommended value, the case when failed to meet a minimum specification, abnormal display would be shown. There is no reliability problem.
- 4. If the on time of signals(Interface signal and user control signals) precedes the on time of Power(V<sub>LCD</sub>), it will be happened abnormal display. When T7 is NC status, T7 doesn't need to be measured.
- 5. T6 should be measured after the Module has been fully discharged between power off and on period.

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### 3-6-2. Sequence for Inverter

### **Power Supply For Inverter**



#### 3-6-3. Dip condition for Inverter

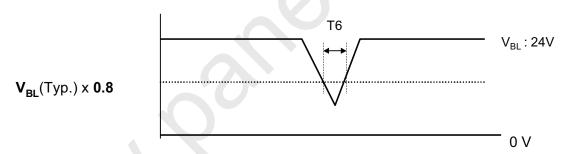


Table 10. Power Sequence for Inverter

Davamatar		Values		Llaita	Domonico
Parameter	Min	Тур	Max	Units	Remarks
T1	20	-	-	ms	1
T2	500	-	-	ms	
T4	0		-	ms	2
T5	10	-	-	ms	
Т6	-	-	10	ms	<b>V</b> <sub>BL</sub> (Typ) x <b>0.8</b>
T7	1000	-	-	ms	2

Notes: 1. T1 describes rising time of 0V to 24V and this parameter does not applied at restarting time. Even though T1 is over the specified value, there is no problem if I2T spec of fuse is satisfied.

2. In T4 section, ExtVBR-B is not recommend 100%, but in T7 section, ExtVBR-B is certainly recommend 100%, (up to 60% when varied by OPC function.)

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## **Product Specification**

## 4. Optical Specification

Optical characteristics are determined after the unit has been 'ON' and stable in a dark environment at  $25\pm2^{\circ}$ C. The values specified are at an approximate distance 50cm from the LCD surface at a viewing angle of  $\Phi$  and  $\theta$  equal to 0 °.

FIG. 1 shows additional information concerning the measurement equipment and method.

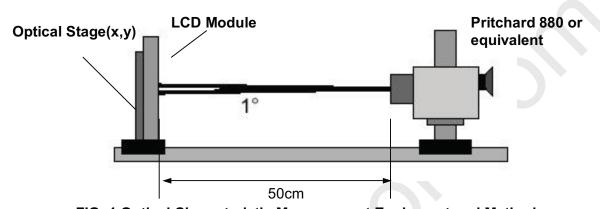


FIG. 1 Optical Characteristic Measurement Equipment and Method

**Table 11. OPTICAL CHARACTERISTICS** 

 $Ta=25\pm2^{\circ}C$ ,  $V_{LCD}=12.0V$ , fv=60Hz, Dclk=74.25MHz  $VBR_A=1.65V$ ,  $EXTVBR_B=100\%$ 

		$a = 25 \pm 2$ °C, $V_{LC}$	D-12.0V, IV-	00HZ, DCIK-1	4.ZSIVITZ VBI	R_A-1.05V, E∧1	VBR_B=1007
Dor	ameter	Symbol		Value		Unit	Note
Fair	ameter	Symbol	Min	Тур	Max	Offic	Note
Contrast Ratio		CR	900	1300	-		1
Surface Lumina	nce, white	L <sub>WH</sub>	400	500	-	cd/m <sup>2</sup>	2
Luminance Varia	ation	δ <sub>WHITE</sub> 5P	-	-	1.3		3
Response Time	Gray-to-Gray	G to G	-	6	9	ms	4,5
	DED	Rx		0.638			
	RED	Ry		0.334			
	GREEN	Gx		0.291			
Color Coordinate		Gy	Тур	0.607	Тур		
[CIE1931]	BLUE	Bx	-0.03	0.145	+0.03		
		Ву		0.062			
	WHITE	Wx		0.279			
		Wy		0.292			
Viewing Angle (	CR>10)						
ха	axis, right(φ=0°)	θr	89	-	-		
ха	axis, left (φ=180°)	θΙ	89	-	-	d. a.v.o.o	
уа	axis, up (∳=90°)	θu	89	-	-	degree	6
у а	axis, down (φ=270°)	θd	89	-	-		
Gray Scale			-	-	-		7

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#### **Product Specification**

- Notes :1. Contrast Ratio(CR) is defined mathematically as :
  - CR(Contrast Ratio) = Maximum CRn (n=1, 2, 3, 4, 5)
  - Surface Luminance at position n with all white pixels
  - Surface Luminance at position n with all black pixels
    - n = the Position number(1, 2, 3, 4, 5). For more information, see FIG 2.
  - DCR Application : Refer to Appendix V
  - 2. Surface luminance is determined after the unit has been 'ON' and 1hour after lighting the backlight in a dark environment at 25±2°C. Surface luminance is the luminance value at center 1-point across the LCD surface 50cm from the surface with all pixels displaying white. For more information see the FIG. 2.
  - 3. The variation in surface luminance ,  $\delta$  WHITE is defined as :  $\delta \, \text{WHITE(5P)} = \text{Maximum}(L_{\text{on1}}, L_{\text{on2}}, \, L_{\text{on3}}, \, L_{\text{on4}}, \, L_{\text{on5}}) \, / \, \text{Minimum}(L_{\text{on1}}, L_{\text{on2}}, \, L_{\text{on3}}, \, L_{\text{on4}}, \, L_{\text{on5}}) \,$  Where  $L_{\text{on1}}$  to  $L_{\text{on5}}$  are the luminance with all pixels displaying white at 5 locations . For more information, see the FIG. 2.
  - 4. Response time is the time required for the display to transit from G(N) to G(M) (Rise Time, Tr<sub>R</sub>) and from G(M) to G(N) (Decay Time, Tr<sub>D</sub>). For additional information see the FIG. 3. (N<M)</li>
     ※ G to G Spec stands for average value of all measured points.
     Photo Detector: RD-80S / Field: 2°
  - 5. Gray to Gray Response time uniformity is Reference data. Please see Appendix XI.
  - 6. Viewing angle is the angle at which the contrast ratio is greater than 10. The angles are determined for the horizontal or x axis and the vertical or y axis with respect to the z axis which is normal to the LCD module surface. For more information, see the FIG. 4.
  - Gray scale specification
     Gamma Value is approximately 2.2. For more information, see the Table 12.

Table 12. GRAY SCALE SPECIFICATION

Gray Level	Luminance [%] (Typ.)
L0	0.08
L63	0.20
L127	1.08
L191	2.07
L255	4.51
L319	7.75
L383	12.05
L447	17.06
L511	22.36
L575	28.21
L639	35.56
L703	43.96
L767	53.00
L831	63.37
L895	74.66
L959	88.17
L1023	100

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## **Product Specification**

Measuring point for surface luminance  $\,\&\,$  measuring point for luminance variation.

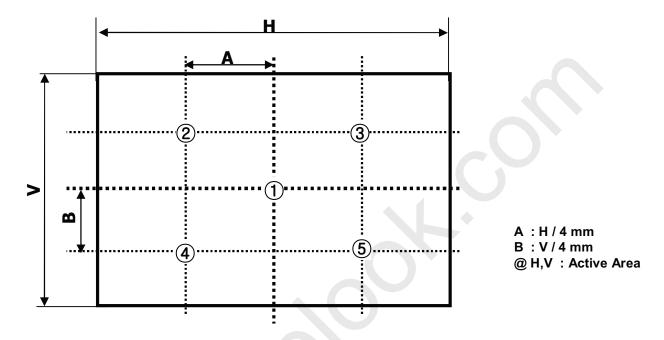


FIG. 2 5 Points for Luminance Measure

Response time is defined as the following figure and shall be measured by switching the input signal for "Gray(N)" and "Gray(M)".

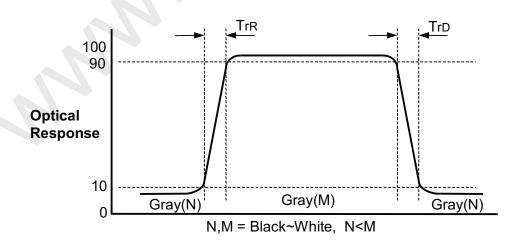


FIG. 3 Response Time

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## **Product Specification**

## Dimension of viewing angle range

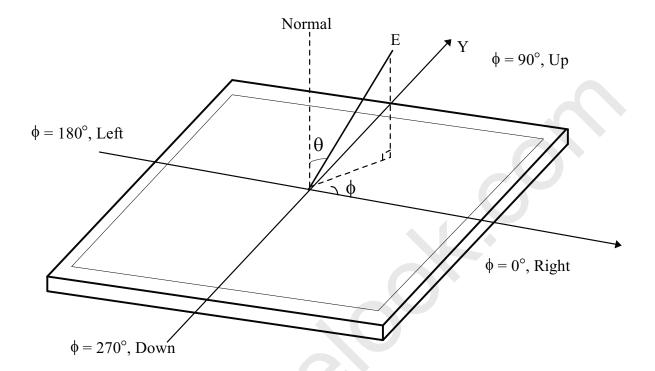


FIG. 4 Viewing Angle

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## **Product Specification**

### 5. Mechanical Characteristics

Table 13 provides general mechanical characteristics.

**Table 13. MECHANICAL CHARACTERISTICS** 

Item	Value	
	Horizontal	760.0 mm
Outline Dimension	Vertical	450.0 mm
	Depth	48.0 mm
Bezel Area	Horizontal	703.8 mm
bezei Area	Vertical	398.4 mm
Active Dieplay Area	Horizontal	698.40 mm
Active Display Area	Vertical	392.85 mm
Weight	6,000g (Typ.) , 6,600g (Max.)	

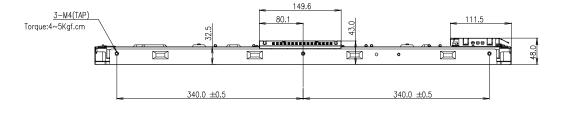
Note: Please refer to a mechanical drawing in terms of tolerance at the next page.

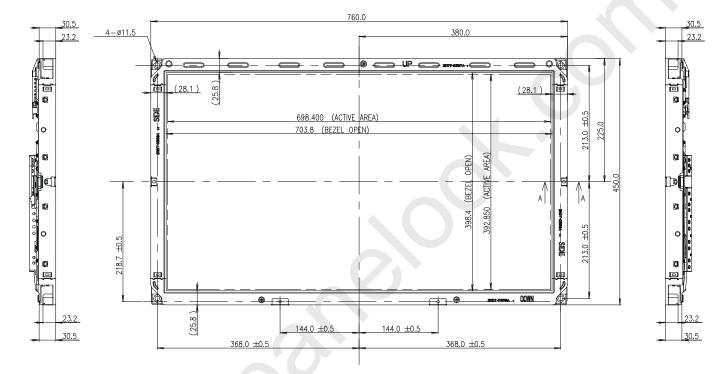
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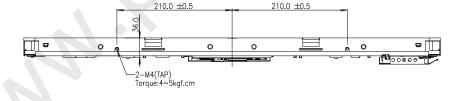


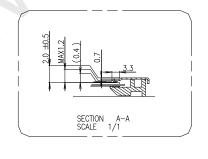
## **Product Specification**

#### <FRONT VIEW>

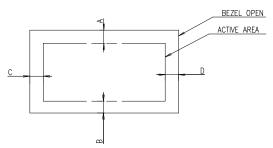








NOTES 1.UNSPECIFIED TOLERANCES TO BE  $\pm 1.0$ MM 2.TILT AND PARTIAL DISPOSITION TOLERANCE OF DISPLAY AREA ARE AS FOLLOWING. (1) Y-DIRECTION: I A-B I  $\leq 1.5$  (2) X-DIRECTION: I C-D I  $\leq 1.5$ 

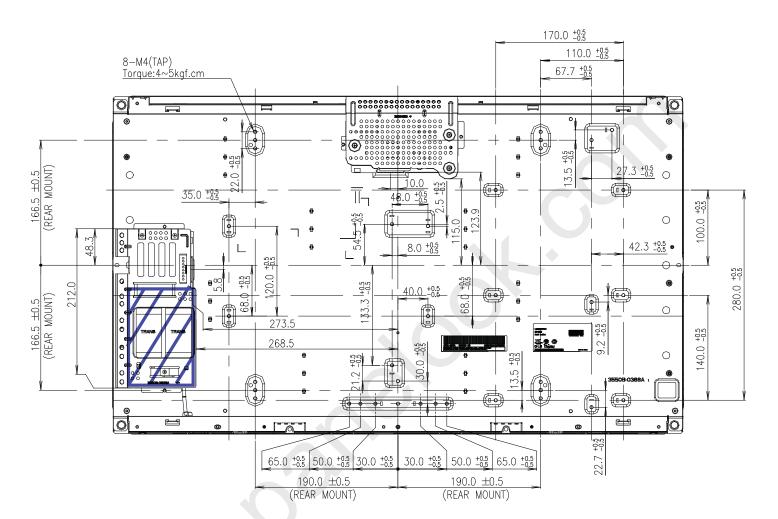


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## **Product Specification**

#### <REAR VIEW>



Notes: It should be recommended that any exterior materials do not go passing up the red area slanted. (For example, electrical cable, system board, etc.). Otherwise, it could cause that abnormal display happens.

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## **Product Specification**

## 6. Reliability

#### **Table 14. ENVIRONMENT TEST CONDITION**

No.	Test Item	Condition
1	High temperature storage test	Ta= 60°C 240h
2	Low temperature storage test	Ta= -20°C 240h
3	High temperature operation test	Ta= 50°C 50%RH 240h
4	Low temperature operation test	Ta= 0°C 240h
5	Vibration test (non-operating)	Wave form : random Vibration level : 1.0G RMS Bandwidth : 10-300Hz Duration : X,Y,Z, 10 min One time each direction
6	Shock test (non-operating)	Shock level : 100Grms Waveform : half sine wave, 2ms Direction : $\pm$ X, $\pm$ Y, $\pm$ Z One time each direction
7	Humidity condition Operation	Ta= 40 °C ,90%RH, 240h
8	Altitude operating	0 - 15,000 ft

Note: Before and after Reliability test, LCM should be operated with normal function.

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## **Product Specification**

### 7. International Standards

#### 7-1. Safety

- a) UL 60065, 7<sup>th</sup> Edition, dated June 30, 2003, Underwriters Laboratories, Inc., Standard for Audio, Video and Similar Electronic Apparatus.
- b) CAN/CSA C22.2, No. 60065:03, Canadian Standards Association, Standard for Audio, Video and Similar Electronic Apparatus.
- c) IEC60065:2001, 7<sup>th</sup> Edition CB-scheme and EN 60065:2002, Safety requirements for Audio, Video and Similar Electronic Apparatus...

#### 7-2. EMC

- a) ANSI C63.4 "Methods of Measurement of Radio-Noise Emissions from Low-Voltage Electrical and Electrical Equipment in the Range of 9kHZ to 40GHz. "American National Standards Institute(ANSI), 1992
- b) CISPR13 "Limits and Methods of Measurement of Radio interference characteristics of Sound and Television broadcast receivers and associated equipment"
   CISPR22 "Limits and Methods of Measurement of Radio interference characteristics of Information Technology Equipment" International Special Committee on Radio Interference.
- c) EN55013 "Limits and Methods of Measurement of Radio interference characteristics of Sound and Television broadcast receivers and associated equipment"
   EN55022 "Limits and Methods of Measurement of Radio interference characteristics of Information Technology Equipment" European Committee for Electro Technical Standardization.(CENELEC), 1988(Including A1:2000)

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## **Product Specification**

## 8. Packing

#### 8-1. Information of LCM Label

a) Lot Mark

Α	В	С	D	E	F	G	Н	I	J	К	L	M	
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	--

A,B,C: SIZE(INCH)

E: MONTH  $F \sim M$ : SERIAL NO.

#### Note

#### 1. YEAR

Year	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010
Mark	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	0

#### 2. MONTH

Month	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sep	Oct	Nov	Dec
Mark	1	2	4	4	5	6	7	8	9	A	В	С

D:YEAR

b) Location of Lot Mark

Serial NO. is printed on the label. The label is attached to the backside of the LCD module. This is subject to change without prior notice.

## 8-2. Packing Form

a) Package quantity in one Pallet: 24 pcs

b) Pallet Size: 1030 mm X 870 mm X 1210 mm.

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#### **Product Specification**

#### 9. Precautions

Please pay attention to the followings when you use this TFT LCD module.

### 9-1. Mounting Precautions

- (1) You must mount a module using specified mounting holes (Details refer to the drawings).
- (2) You should consider the mounting structure so that uneven force (ex. Twisted stress) is not applied to the module. And the case on which a module is mounted should have sufficient strength so that external force is not transmitted directly to the module.
- (3) Please attach the surface transparent protective plate to the surface in order to protect the polarizer. Transparent protective plate should have sufficient strength in order to the resist external force.
- (4) You should adopt radiation structure to satisfy the temperature specification.
- (5) Acetic acid type and chlorine type materials for the cover case are not desirable because the former generates corrosive gas of attacking the polarizer at high temperature and the latter causes circuit break by electro-chemical reaction.
- (6) Do not touch, push or rub the exposed polarizers with glass, tweezers or anything harder than HB pencil lead. And please do not rub with dust clothes with chemical treatment.
  Do not touch the surface of polarizer for bare hand or greasy cloth. (Some cosmetics are detrimental to the polarizer.)
- (7) When the surface becomes dusty, please wipe gently with absorbent cotton or other soft materials like chamois soaks with petroleum benzine. Normal-hexane is recommended for cleaning the adhesives used to attach front / rear polarizers. Do not use acetone, toluene and alcohol because they cause chemical damage to the polarizer. \* There is no problem of Panel crack under 5kgf / φ10mm
- (8) Wipe off saliva or water drops as soon as possible. Their long time contact with polarizer causes deformations and color fading.
- (9) Do not open the case because inside circuits do not have sufficient strength.

#### 9-2. Operating Precautions

- (1) The spike noise causes the mis-operation of circuits. It should be lower than following voltage :  $V=\pm 200 \text{mV}$  (Over and under shoot voltage)
- (2) Response time depends on the temperature.(In lower temperature, it becomes longer.)
- (3) Brightness depends on the temperature. (In lower temperature, it becomes lower.)
  And in lower temperature, response time(required time that brightness is stable after turned on) becomes longer
- (4) Be careful for condensation at sudden temperature change. Condensation makes damage to polarizer or electrical contacted parts. And after fading condensation, smear or spot will occur.
- (5) When fixed patterns are displayed for a long time, remnant image is likely to occur.
- (6) Module has high frequency circuits. Sufficient suppression to the electromagnetic interference shall be done by system manufacturers. Grounding and shielding methods may be important to minimized the interference.
- (7) Please do not give any mechanical and/or acoustical impact to LCM. Otherwise, LCM can't be operated its full characteristics perfectly.
- (8) A screw which is fastened up the steels should be a machine screw. (if not, it can causes conductive particles and deal LCM a fatal blow)
- (9) Please do not set LCD on its edge.
- (10) It is recommended to avoid the signal cable and conductive material over the inverter transformer for it can cause the abnormal display and temperature rising.
- (11) Partial darkness may happen during  $3\sim5$  minutes when LCM is operated initially in condition that luminance is under 40% at low temperature (under  $5^{\circ}$ C). This phenomenon which disappears naturally after  $3\sim5$  minutes is not a problem about reliability but LCD characteristic

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## **Product Specification**

## 9-3. Electrostatic Discharge Control

Since a module is composed of electronic circuits, it is not strong to electrostatic discharge. Make certain that treatment persons are connected to ground through wrist band etc. And don't touch interface pin directly.

### 9-4. Precautions for Strong Light Exposure

Strong light exposure causes degradation of polarizer and color filter.

#### 9-5. Storage

When storing modules as spares for a long time, the following precautions are necessary.

- (1) Store them in a dark place. Do not expose the module to sunlight or fluorescent light. Keep the temperature between 5°C and 35°C at normal humidity.
- (2) The polarizer surface should not come in contact with any other object.
  It is recommended that they be stored in the container in which they were shipped.

### 9-6. Handling Precautions for Protection Film

- (1) The protection film is attached to the bezel with a small masking tape. When the protection film is peeled off, static electricity is generated between the film and polarizer. This should be peeled off slowly and carefully by people who are electrically grounded and with well ion-blown equipment or in such a condition, etc.
- (2) When the module with protection film attached is stored for a long time, sometimes there remains a very small amount of glue still on the bezel after the protection film is peeled off.
- (3) You can remove the glue easily. When the glue remains on the bezel surface or its vestige is recognized, please wipe them off with absorbent cotton waste or other soft material like chamois soaked with normal-hexane.

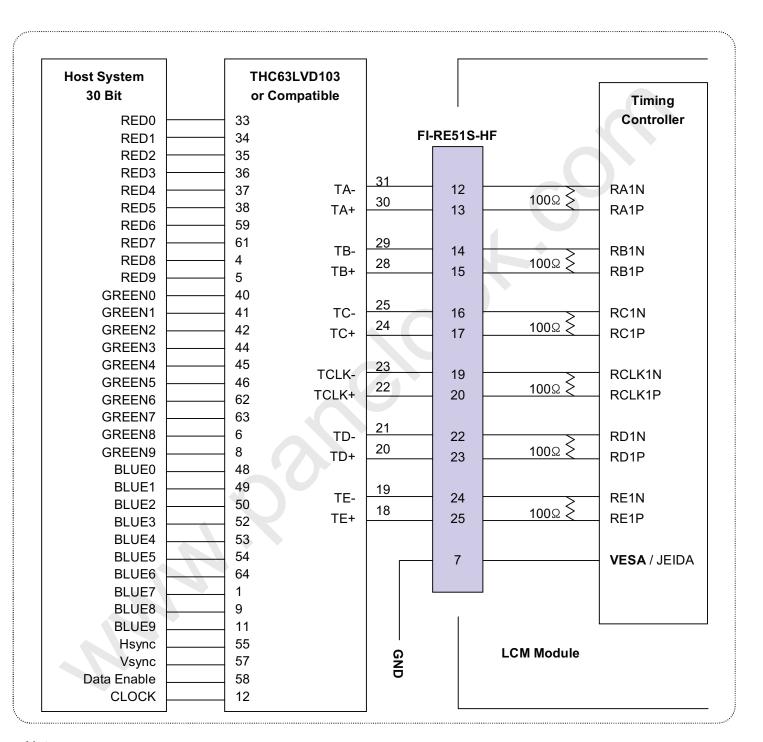
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## **Product Specification**

#### # APPENDIX- I-1

■ Required signal assignment for Flat Link (Thine: THC63LVD103) Transmitter (Pin7="L" or NC)



#### Notes:

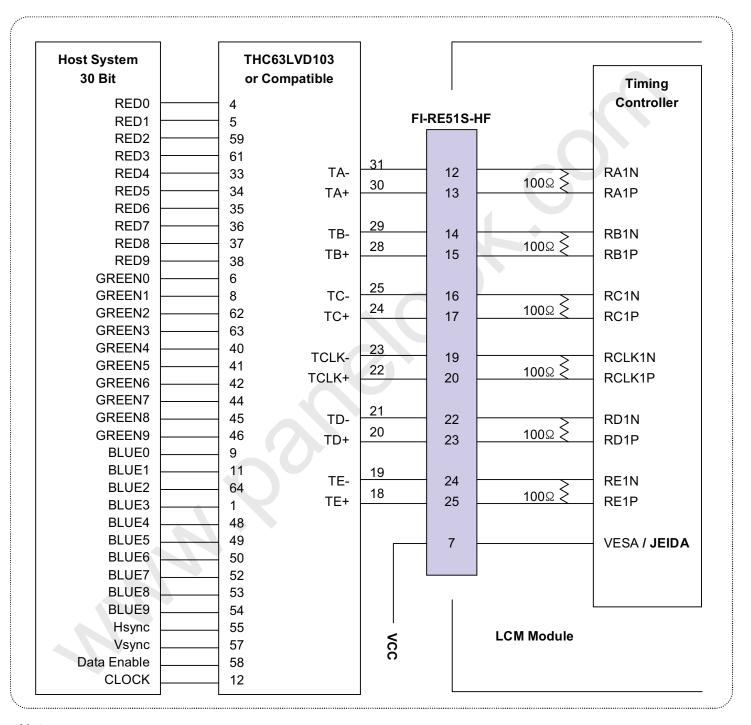
- 1. The LCD module uses a 100 Ohm( $\Omega$ ) resistor between positive and negative lines of each receiver input.
- 2. Refer to LVDS transmitter data sheet for detail descriptions. (THC63LVD103 or Compatible)
- 3. '9' means MSB and '0' means LSB at R,G,B pixel data.

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## **Product Specification**

#### **# APPENDIX- 1-2**

■ Required signal assignment for Flat Link (Thine: THC63LVD103) Transmitter (Pin7="H")



#### Notes:

- 1. The LCD module uses a 100 Ohm( $\Omega$ ) resistor between positive and negative lines of each receiver input.
- 2. Refer to LVDS transmitter data sheet for detail descriptions. (THC63LVD103 or Compatible)
- 3. '9' means MSB and '0' means LSB at R,G,B pixel data.

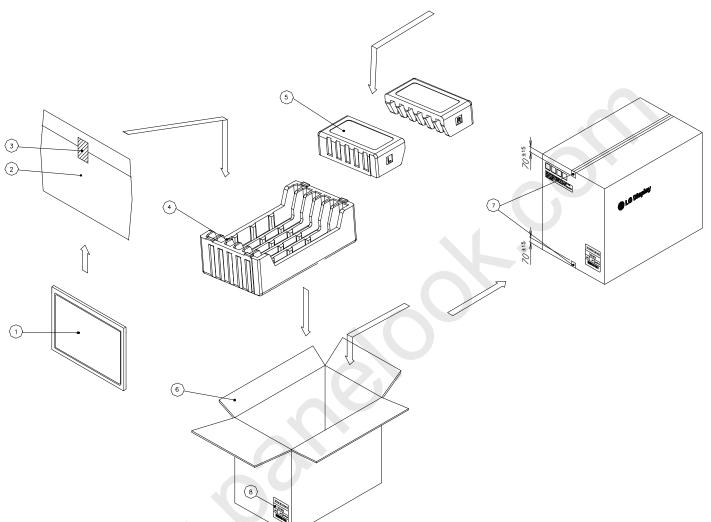
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## **Product Specification**

## # APPENDIX- || -1

## ■LC320WUN-SAB4 Packing Ass'y



NO.	DESCRIPTION	MATERIAL
1	LCD MODULE	
2	BAG	AL
3	TAPE	MASKING 20MM X 50M
4	PACKING, BOTTOM	EPS
5	PACKING, TOP R_L	EPS
6	BOX	PAPER_DW3
7	TAPE	OPP 70MMX300M
8	LABEL	YUPO PAPER 100X100

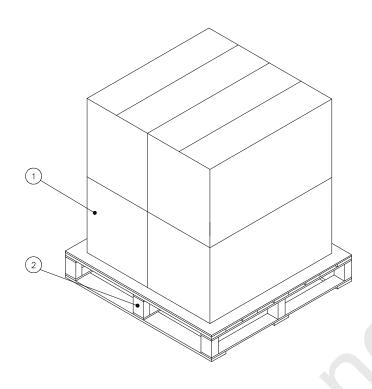
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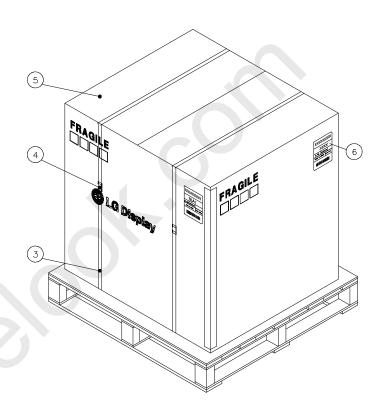


## **Product Specification**

## # APPENDIX- || -2

## ■ LC320WUN-SAB4 Pallet Ass'y





Box quantity per pallet: 4ea

Pallet size: L1040 x W900 x H1210

Pallet gross weight: 183.0kg

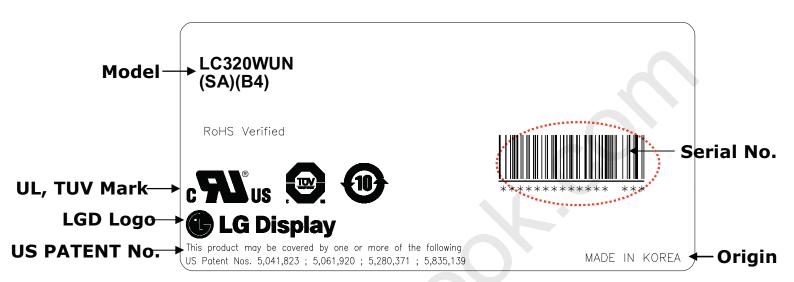
NO.	DESCRIPTION	MATERIAL
1	PACKING ASS'Y	
2	PALLET	Plywood
3	BAND	PP
4	CLIP, BAND	STEEL
5	ANGLE, PACKING	PAPER (SWR4)
6	LABEL	PAPER

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### # APPENDIX- III

■ LCM Label

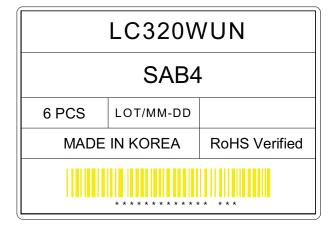


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### # APPENDIX- IV

■ Box Label



## ■ Pallet Label



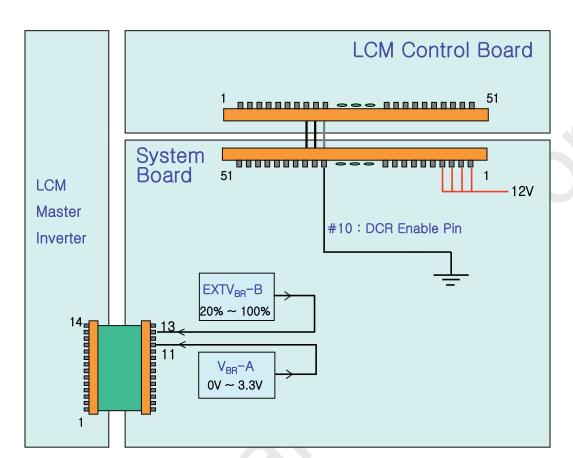
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## **Product Specification**

#### # APPENDIX- V

Global LCD Panel Exchange Center

System DCR (Dynamic Contrast Ratio)- Max (Bare CR) X 10 (Reference)



EXTV <sub>BR</sub> -B	20% ~ 100%	100%
V <sub>BR</sub> -A	0V ~ 1.65V	1.65V
DCR Level	(Bare CR) X 10	1300 : 1

Vвк-а,в Voltage	Function
EXTV <sub>BR</sub> -B : 100%	Maximum Brightness (100%)
V <sub>BR</sub> -A : 1.65V	(DCR Condition)
EXTV <sub>BR</sub> -B : 20%	Minimum Brightness (10%)
V <sub>BR</sub> -A : 0V	(DCR Condition)

Note : 1. To make DCR Max (Bare CR) X 10,  $V_{BR}$ -A and EXTV $_{BR}$ -B must be given by system.

2. DCR Max (Bare CR) X 10 is defined mathematically as:

DCR = Maximum DCRn (n=1, 2, 3, 4, 5)

Surface Luminance at position n with all white pixels (EXTVBR-B= 100%, VBR-A=1.65V) DCRn = Surface Luminance at position n with all black pixels (EXTVBR-B=20%, VBR-A=0V)

n = the Position number(1, 2, 3, 4, 5). For more information, see FIG 2.

- 3. Measurement Sequence (aging time 10 min each pattern):
  - 1 Turn On LCM
  - ② Measure Black Luminance (EXTVBR-B=20%, VBR-A=0V)
  - 3 Measure White Luminance (EXTVBR-B=100%, VBR-A=1.65V)
- 4. In case the lowest minimum brightness is continued,

it can affect the lamp reliability and appear the partial darkness.

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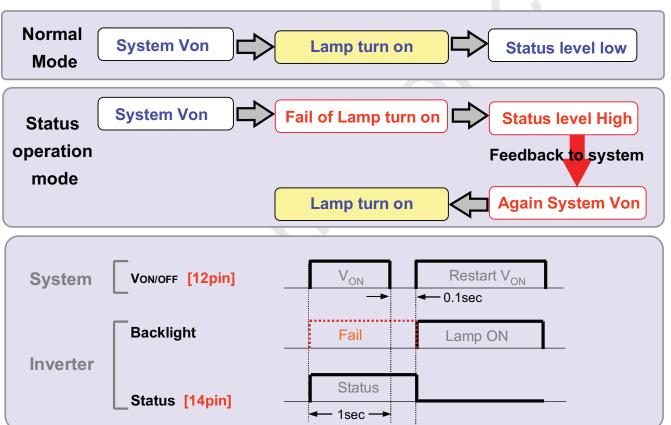
## **Product Specification**

#### # APPENDIX- VI

## Inverter 14th Pin (Status) Design Guide

- ☐ Function of Status pin
- Purpose : Preventing of backlight off by restarting the inverter technically
- How to: When inverter is abnormal operation, TV system inputs the Von signal in the inverter once more to turn on the lamp safely
- Attention : Restart system's Von signal when status pin continue over 1sec high

  (The turn on time of lamp can be late such as the low temperature or the storage time)
- ☐ Status operation modes in TV set



#### □ Inverter pin map

Pin No	Symbol	Description	lnv.
11	VBR-A	Analog dimming voltage DC 0.0V ~ 3.3V (Typ: 1.65V)	VBR-A
12	VON/OFF	0.0V ~ 5.0V	On/Off
13	ExtVBR-B	Burst Dimming Control PWM signal input	External PWM
14	Status	Normal : Under 0.7V Abnormal : Upper 3.0V	status

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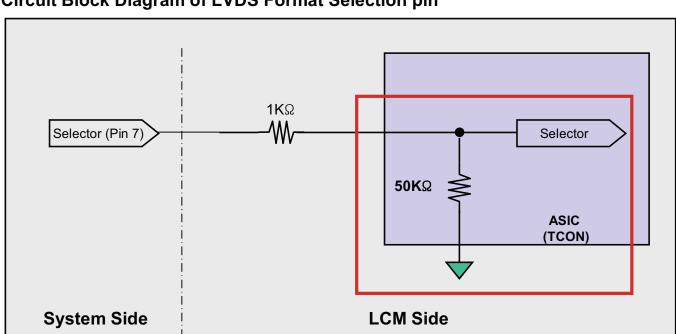
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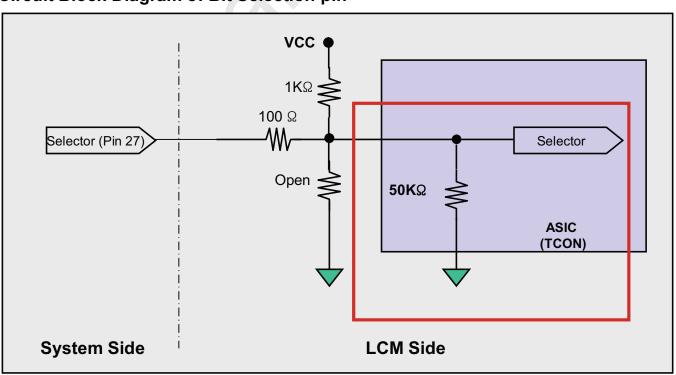
### # APPENDIX- VII

# **Option Pin Circuit Block Diagram**

## Circuit Block Diagram of LVDS Format Selection pin



## Circuit Block Diagram of Bit Selection pin



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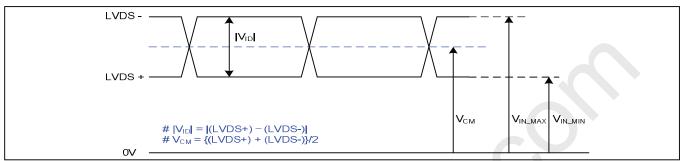


## **Product Specification**

#### **# APPENDIX-VIII**

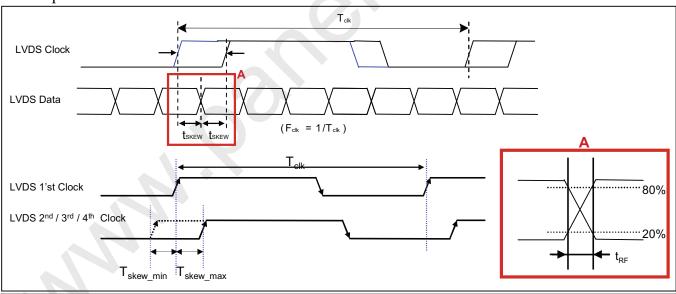
## LVDS Input characteristics

## 1. DC Specification



Description	Symbol	Min	Max	Unit	Notes
LVDS Single end Voltage	V <sub>ID</sub>	200	600	mV	-
LVDS Common mode Voltage	V <sub>CM</sub>	1.0	1.5	V	-
LVDS Input Voltage Range	V <sub>IN</sub>	0.7	1.8	V	-
Change in common mode Voltage	$\Delta V_{CM}$		250	mV	-

## 2. AC Specification



Description	Symbol	Min	Max	Unit	Notes
LVDS Clock to Data Skew Margin	t <sub>skew</sub>		(0.25*T <sub>clk</sub> )/7	ps	-
LVDS Clock/DATA Rising/Falling time	t <sub>RF</sub>	260	(0.3*T <sub>clk</sub> )/7	ps	2
Effective time of LVDS	t <sub>eff</sub>	±360		ps	-
LVDS Clock to Clock Skew Margin (Even to Odd)	t <sub>SKEW_EO</sub>		1/7* T <sub>clk</sub>	T <sub>clk</sub>	-

Notes: 1. All Input levels of LVDS signals are based on the EIA 644 Standard.

2. If  $t_{\rm RF}$  isn't enough,  $t_{\rm eff}~$  should be meet the range.

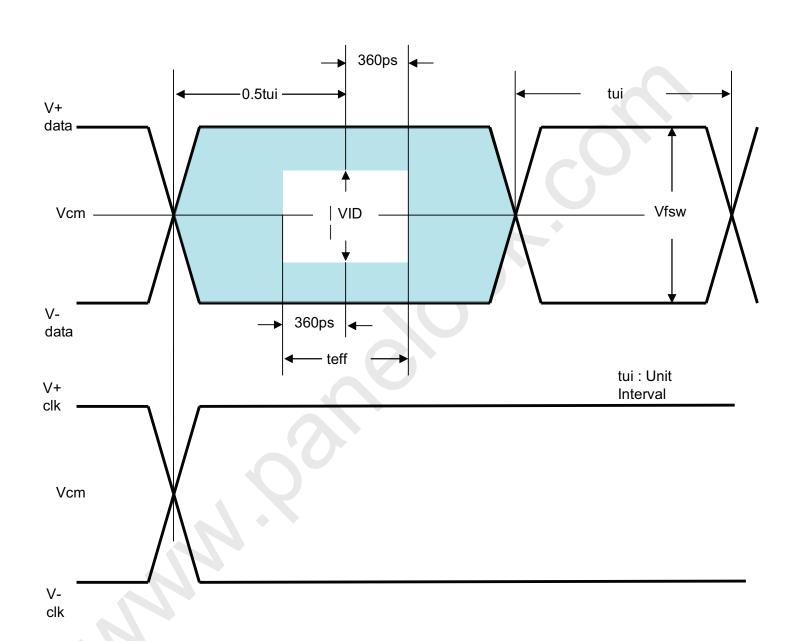
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## **Product Specification**

## **# APPENDIX- IIX**

## **LVDS** Input characteristics



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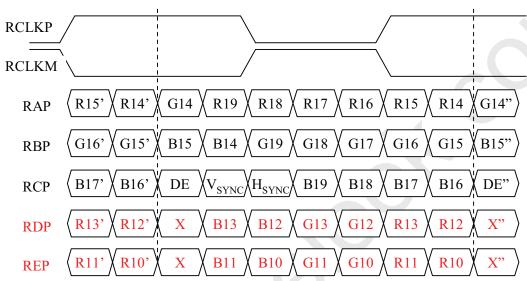


## **Product Specification**

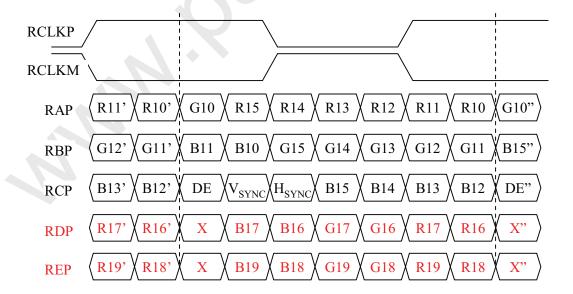
#### # APPENDIX- IX-1

## LVDS Data-Mapping info. (10bit)

## ■ LVDS Select : "H" Data-Mapping (JEIDA format)



#### ■ LVDS Select : "L" Data-Mapping (VESA format)



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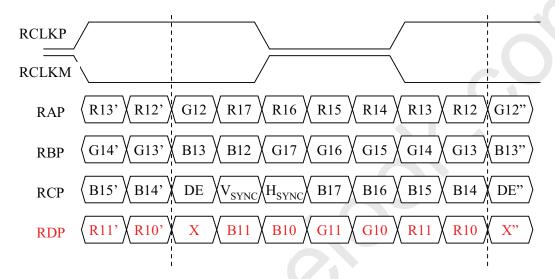


## **Product Specification**

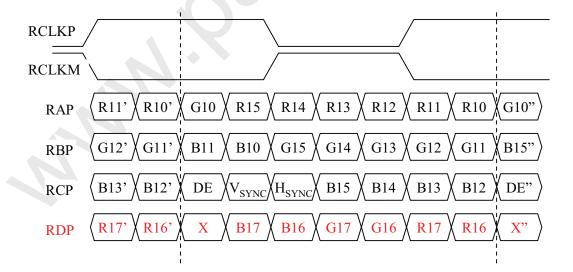
### # APPENDIX- IX-2

## LVDS Data-Mapping info. (8bit)

## ■ LVDS Select : "H" Data-Mapping (JEIDA format)



## ■ LVDS Select : "L" Data-Mapping (VESA format)



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## **Product Specification**

#### # APPENDIX- XI

## **Gray to Gray Response Time Uniformity**

This is only the reference data of G to G and uniformity for LC320WUN-SAB4 model.

1. G to G Response Time:

Response time is defined as Figure 3 and shall be measured by switching the input signal for "Gray (N)" and "Gray (M)".(32Gray Step at 8bit)

2. G to G Uniformity

The variation of G to G Uniformity ,  $\delta$  G to G is defined as :

G to G Uniformity = 
$$\frac{\textit{Maximum}(\textit{GtoG}) - \textit{Typical}(\textit{GtoG})}{\textit{Typical}(\textit{GtoG})} \leq 1$$

\*Maximum (GtoG) means maximum value of measured time (N, M = 0 (Black) ~ 255(White), 32 gray step).

	0Gray	32Gray	64Gray	 223Gray	255Gray
0Gray		TrR:0G→32G	TrR:0G→64G	 TrR:0G→223G	TrR:0G→225G
32Gray	TrD:32G→0G		TrR:32G→64G	 TrR:32G→223G	TrR:32G→255G
64Gray	TrD:64G→0G	TrD:64G→32G		 TrR:64G→223G	TrR:64G→255G
223Gray	TrD:223G→0G	TrD:223G→32G	TrD:223G→64G		TrR:223G→255G
255Gray	TrD:255G→0G	TrD:255G→32G	TrD:255G→64G	 TrD:255G→223G	

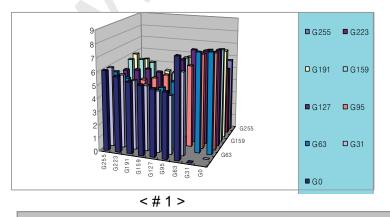
3. Sampling Size: 2 pcs

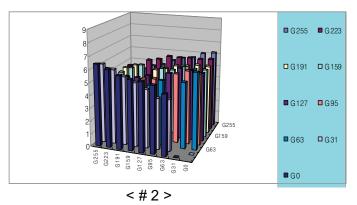
4. Measurement Method: Follow the same rule as optical characteristics measurement.

5. Current Status

Below table is actual data of production on Jun. 10, 2009 (LGD RV Event Sample)

	G to G Respo	nse Time [ms]	Uniformity
	Min.	Max.	Officiality
# 1	3.18	7.58	0.44
# 2	3.2	7.4	0.40





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## **Product Specification**

# APPENDIX- XII

# **Humming Noise Level**

These are measurement method and condition of Humming Noise Level for LC320WUN-SAB4 model of RV sample conditions

Type of room		Anechoic
Distance to display		0.5m (Typical)
Measurement Point		@ LCM Center
Humming Noise Level	Front	Typ 19dBA, Max 20dBA
	Rear	Max 25dBA

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